Financial Information

CONTENTS

- 59 Financial Review
- 60 Consolidated Financial Statements
- 65 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
- 99 Report of Independent Accountants

SUMMARY OF CONSOLIDATED RESULTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

In fiscal 2004 (ended March 31, 2005), the Bank's consolidated results encompassed nine consolidated subsidiaries (four less than in the previous fiscal year) and three equity-method affiliates (unchanged). Below is a summary of the Bank's consolidated results for fiscal 2004.

Principle Balance Sheet Items

Total assets at the end of the fiscal year were at ¥61,978 billion (US\$577 billion), up ¥145 billion from the previous fiscal year.

On the procurement side, deposits amounted to ¥40,879 billion (US\$380 billion), down ¥220 billion, and reflecting the procurement of funds from customers and the markets as well as funding trends at the JA and Shinnoren levels. Also, the balance of debentures totaled ¥4,704 billion (US\$43 billion), down ¥509 billion year to year.

In investing activities, the loan balance fell \$2,097 billion from the previous fiscal year to \$15,692 billion (US\$146 billion), while the balance of investment securities rose \$3,916 billion to \$37,425 billion (US\$348 billion).

Principle Income Statement Items

Interest and dividend income rose ¥104 billion to ¥937 billion (US\$8,733 million), mainly because of a higher average balance of investment securities. Other income fell ¥69 billion to ¥239 billion (US\$2,232 million). As a result, total income fell ¥35 billion to ¥1,176 billion (US\$10,965 million). On the other hand, total expenses rose ¥28 billion to ¥981 billion (US\$9,151 million), reflecting the early adoption of impairment accounting which resulted in an impairment loss (extraordinary loss) of ¥29 billion (US\$2,75 million). In consequence, net income decreased ¥4 billion from the previous fiscal year to ¥139 billion (US\$1,304 million).

Capital Adequacy Ratio

The Bank's consolidated capital adequacy ratio calculated according to BIS standards was 12.15% as of March 31, 2005.

			Billions of Yen			Millions of U.S. Dollars
Fiscal years ended March 31	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2004
Total Income	¥ 1,743	¥ 1,619	¥ 1,463	¥ 1,141	¥ 1,176	\$ 10,965
Total Expenses	1,602	1,528	1,367	953	981	9,151
Net Income	117	70	65	144	139	1,304
Total shareholders' Equity	2,219	1,881	1,767	2,523	2,901	27,042
Total Assets	60,176	57,579	61,265	61,833	61,978	577,620

Consolidated Balance Sheets As of March 31, 2005 and 2004

		Millions	s of Ye	m	U.S	llions of 5. Dollars Note 1)
As of March 31		2005	÷.,	2004		2005
Assets		<u>.</u>				· · ·
Cash and Due from Banks (Note 31)	¥	2,385,245	¥	$3,\!686,\!052$	\$	22,230
Call Loans and Bills Purchased		429,463		421,310		4,002
Receivables under Resale Agreements				59,784		
Collateral Deposited under Securities Borrowed		19,321		327,486		180
Commercial Paper and Other Debt Purchased		837,847		$654,\!839$		7,808
Trading Assets (Note 3)		383,701		516,108		3,576
Money Held in Trust		4,154,667		$3,\!840,\!206$		38,720
Securities (Note 4)		37,425,281		33,509,192		348,791
Loans and Bills Discounted (Note 5)		15,692,220		17,789,413		$146,\!246$
Foreign Exchange Assets (Note 6)		8,828		15,618		82
Other Assets (Note 7)		588,069		928,589		5,481
Premises and Equipment (Note 8)		173,641		209,297		1,618
Deferred Debenture Discounts		180		229		2
Deferred Tax Assets (Note 17)		3,377		3,525		32
Customers' Liabilities for Acceptances and Guarantees (Note 18)		195,576		239,850		1,823
Reserve for Possible Loan Losses		(318,809)		(368,487)		(2,971)
Total Assets	¥	61,978,612	¥	61,833,018	\$	577,620
Liabilities, Minority Interests and Shareholders' Equity Liabilities Deposits (Note 10) Debentures (Note 11) Call Money and Bills Sold Payables under Repurchase Agreements Collateral Received under Securities Loaned Trading Liabilities (Note 12) Borrowings (Note 13) Foreign Exchange Liabilities (Note 14) Other Liabilities (Note 15) Reserve for Bonus Payments Reserve for Retirement Benefits (Note 16) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Note 17) Deferred Tax Liabilities Relating to Land Revaluation Acceptances and Guarantees (Note 18) Total Liabilities	¥	$\begin{array}{r} 40,879,067\\ 4,704,361\\ 3,892,447\\ 3,869,804\\ 2,135,835\\ 52,230\\ 888,638\\ 56\\ 2,186,707\\ 4,769\\ 8,935\\ 228,426\\ 24,906\\ \underline{195,576}\\ 59,071,763\end{array}$	¥	$\begin{array}{r} 41,099,473\\ 5,213,816\\ 3,560,548\\ 3,671,423\\ 2,109,476\\ 67,860\\ 905,363\\ 328\\ 2,306,599\\ 4,430\\ 9,363\\ 81,911\\ 34,091\\ 239,850\\ 59,304,539\end{array}$	\$	380,979 43,843 36,276 36,065 19,905 487 8,282 1 20,379 45 83 2,129 232 1,823 550,529
		00,071,700		00,004,000		000,020
Minority Interests						
Minority Interests		5,300		4,581		49
Shareholders' Equity		1.004.000		1 994 000		11 417
Paid-in Capital (Note 21)		1,224,999		1,224,999		11,417
Capital Surplus		25,020 833,818		25,020		$233 \\ 7,771$
Retained Earnings		,		723,322		
Land Revaluation Reserve		55,050		75,350		513
Net Unrealized Gains on Securities, net of taxes Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments		762,659		476,101 (897)		7,108
		9.001 540				07.040
Total Shareholders' Equity	v	2,901,548		2,523,897	<u>.</u>	27,042
Total Liabilities, Minority Interests and Shareholders' Equity	¥	61,978,612	¥	61,833,018	\$	577,620

Consolidated Statements of Operations For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004

		Million	ns of Ye	en	U.S.	lions of Dollars ote 1)
		2005		2004		2005
Income						
Interest and Dividend Income						
Interest on Loans and Bills Discounted	¥	120,714	¥	135,996	\$	1,125
Interest on and Dividends from Securities		772,320		649,312		7,198
Other Interest Income (Note 22)		44,032		47,276		410
Fees and Commissions		24,929		25,337		232
Trading Revenue (Note 23)		495		2,413		5
Other Operating Income (Note 24)		75,877		130,411		707
Other Income (Note 25)		138,153		150,627		1,288
Total Income		1,176,524		1,141,375		10,965
Expenses						
Interest Expenses:						
Interest on Deposits		96,199		63,014		897
Interest on Debentures		31,342		41,095		292
Interest on Borrowings		7,257		6,638		68
Other Interest Expenses (Note 26)		542,055		475,879		5,052
Fees and Commissions		10,117		8,980		94
Trading Losses (Note 27)		165		332		2
Other Operating Expenses (Note 28)		85,341		142,851		795
General and Administrative Expenses		114,495		123,695		1,067
Other Expenses (Note 29)		94,849		91,130		884
Total Expenses		981,825		953,616		9,151
Income before Income Taxes and Minority Interests Income Taxes:		194,698		187,758		1,814
Current		46,271		47,766		431
Deferred		7,749		(5,187)		72
Minority Interests in Net Income		724		553		7
Net Income	¥	139,951	¥	144,626	\$	1,304

			Yen		τ	J.S. Dollars (Note 1)
		2005		2004		2005
Net Income per Share	¥	64.81	¥	67.14	\$	0.60

Consolidated Statements of Capital Surplus and Retained Earnings For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004

					Millions of J.S. Dollars
		Millio	ns of Ye	en	 (Note 1)
		2005		2004	 2005
Capital Surplus					
Balance at the Beginning of the Year	¥	25,020	¥	25,020	\$ 233
Balance at the End of the Year	¥	25,020	¥	25,020	\$ 233
Retained Earnings					
Balance at the Beginning of the Year	¥	723,322	¥	608,766	\$ 6,741
Additions:					
Net Income for the Year		139,951		144,626	1,304
Transfer from Land Revaluation Reserve		20,270		2,988	189
Deductions					
Dividends		48,212		33,059	449
Change due to exclusion of subsidiaries from consolidation		1,513		-	14
Balance at the End of the Year	¥	833,818	¥	723,322	\$ 7,771

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004

		Million	s of ^T	lon	U	Aillions of .S. Dollars (Note 1)
		2005	501	2004		2005
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						1000
Income before Income Taxes and Minority Interests	¥	194,698	¥	187,758	\$	1,814
Depreciation of Premises and Equipment		6,491		6,659		60
Losses on Impairment of Fixed Assets		29,488		-		275
Share of Earnings of Affiliates		(641)		(364)		(6)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Reserve for Possible Loan Losses		(49,677)		6,472		(463)
Net Increase in Reserve for Bonus Payments		346		255		3
Net Decrease in Reserve under Special Laws		-		(5)		-
Net (Decrease) Increase in Reserve for Retirement Benefits		(428)		1,221		(4)
Interest and Divided Income		(937,067)		(832, 584)		(8,733)
Interest Expenses		676,854		586,627		6,308
Losses on Securities		111,377		113,428		1,038
Gains on Money Held in Trust		(20,214)		(6,546)		(188)
Foreign Exchange (Gains) Losses		(427, 161)		1,544,237		(3,981)
Losses on Sales of Premises and Equipment		1,451		3,591		14
Net Decrease in Trading Assets		106,031		1,404,345		988
Net Decrease in Trading Liabilities		(15,630)		(381, 199)		(146)
Net Decrease in Loans and Bills Discounted		2,106,860		1,389,751		19,635
Net (Decrease) Increase in Deposits		(518,901)		613,742		(4,836)
Net Increase in Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		106,112		67,518		989
Net Decrease in Debentures		(509,454)		(576, 966)		(4,748)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Borrowings (Excluding Subordinated						
Borrowings)		(43)		22,590		(0)
Net Decrease in Interest-bearing Due from Banks		1,415,894		746,983		13,196
Net Increase in Call Loans and Bills Purchased and Other		(191,163)		(21, 191)		(1,782)
Net Decrease in Collateral Deposited under Securities Borrowed		308,165		639,027		2,872
Net Increase (Decrease) in Call Money and Bills Sold and Other		851,382		(1, 364, 399)		7,935
Net (Decrease) Increase in Short-term Entrusted Fund		(143,238)		242,931		(1,335)
Net Increase in Collateral Received under Securities Loaned		26,358		$1,\!157,\!418$		246
Net Decrease in Foreign Exchanges Assets		6,790		5,680		63
Net Decrease in Foreign Exchanges Liabilities		(272)		(7, 464)		(3)
Interest Received		980,868		908,447		9,141
Interest Paid		(667,043)		(642, 955)		(6,217)
Other, Net		353,030		(295, 447)		3,290
Subtotal		3,801,263		5,519,564		35,425
Income Taxes		(48,292)		(24, 373)		(450)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	¥	3,752,971	¥	5,495,190	\$	34,975

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, continued For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004

					illions of S. Dollars
		Millions	s of ³	len	Note 1)
		2005		2004	 2005
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Purchases of Securities	¥	(11,395,880)	¥	(13,581,463)	\$ (106,206)
Proceeds from Sales of Securities		5,034,461		5,819,471	46,919
Proceeds from Redemption of Securities		3,159,833		2,205,297	29,449
Increase in Money Held in Trust		(1,684,658)		(1,417,820)	(15,700)
Decrease in Money Held in Trust		1,410,722		1,428,015	13,148
Purchases of Premises and Equipment		(6,181)		(37,291)	(58)
Proceeds from Sales of Premises and Equipment		2,467		33,301	23
Purchases of Stocks of Subsidiaries (effecting changes in the scope					
of consolidation)		-		(214)	 -
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	¥	(3,479,235)	¥	(5,550,704)	\$ (32, 425)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:					
Proceeds from Issuance of Subordinated Borrowings	¥	-	¥	183,500	\$
Dividends Paid		(48,212)		(33,059)	(449)
Dividends Paid to Minority Interests		(9)		(4)	 (0)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities	¥	(48,222)	¥	150,435	\$ (449)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents	¥	0	¥	(222)	\$ 0
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		225,514		94,699	2,101
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year		468,565		373,865	4,367
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents due to exclusion of					
subsidiaries from consolidation		(246)		-	(2)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	¥	693,833	¥	468,565	\$ 6,466

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared based on the accounting records maintained by The Norinchukin Bank ("the Bank") and its consolidated subsidiaries in accordance with the provisions set forth in The Norinchukin Bank Law and in conformity with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Japan, that are different in certain respects from the application and disclosure requirements of International Accounting Standards.

Certain items presented in the consolidated financial statements filed with the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries of Japan have been reclassified for the convenience of readers.

The consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Japan.

Amounts in U.S. dollars are included solely for the convenience of readers. The exchange rate of 107.30=U.S., the approximate rate of exchange prevailing on March 31, 2005, has been used for translation purposes. The inclusion of such amounts is not intended to imply that Japanese yen have been or could be readily converted, realized or settled in U.S. dollars at the aforementioned rate or at any other rate.

The yen figures disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are expressed in millions of yen and have been rounded down. Consequently, differences may exist between the sum of rounded figures and the totals listed in the annual report.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Principles of Consolidation

Scope of Consolidation

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are, in general, the companies in which the Bank 1) holds, directly and/or indirectly, more than 50% of the voting shares; 2) holds, directly and/or indirectly, 40% or more of the voting shares and, at the same time, exercises effective control over the decision-making body by directing business policy and deciding on financial and operating policies; or 3) holds more than 50% of the voting shares together with those entities that would vote or agree to vote with the Bank due to their close relationship with the Bank through sharing of personnel, provision of finance and technology and other relationships and, at the same time, has effective control over the decision-making body, unless evidence exists which shows that the Bank does not have such control.

The number of subsidiaries as of March 31, 2005 was nine, all of which were consolidated. During the fiscal

year ended March 31, 2005, Zaikei Kyodo Center Co., Ltd. and Norinchukin Business Service Co., Ltd. were excluded from the scope of consolidation due to their merger into Norinchukin Career Service Co., Ltd.(Norinchukin Career Service Co., Ltd. renamed itself Norinchukin Business Support Co., Ltd.)

Norinchukin Securities Co., Ltd. and Norichukin International plc. were also excluded from the scope of consolidation during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 due to the completion of its liquidation and it being in the process of liquidation, respectively. The major consolidated subsidiaries are as follows:

The Norinchukin Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.

Norinchukin Business Support Co., Ltd.

Affiliates

Affiliates are, in general, the companies, other than subsidiaries, in which the Bank 1) holds, directly and/or indirectly, 20% or more of the voting shares; 2) holds, directly and/or indirectly, 15% or more of the voting shares and also is able to influence the decision making body through sharing of personnel, provision of finance and technology, and other relationships; or 3) holds more than 20% of the voting shares together with those entities that would vote or agree to vote with the Bank due to their close relationship with the Bank through sharing of personnel, provision of finance and technology and other relationships and, at the same time, is able to influence the decision making body in a material degree, unless evidence exists which shows that the Bank does not have such influence.

The number of affiliates as of March 31, 2005 was four, three of which were accounted for under the equity method, while the remaining immaterial affiliate is carried at cost. The major affiliate accounted for under the equity method is as follows:

Kyodo Leasing Co., Ltd.

Any difference between the fair value of net assets acquired and acquisition cost is charged or credited to income in the year of acquisition.

All subsidiaries' fiscal year-ends are March 31.

(2) Transactions for Trading Purposes

Transactions for trading purposes are those seeking to capture gains arising from short-term market movements or from the differences between markets, interest rates or foreign exchange rates. Such transactions are reported as Trading Assets or Trading Liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets on a trade date basis.

Gains and losses arising from transactions for trading purposes are recorded on a trade date basis.

Securities, monetary claims and certain other items held for trading purposes are valued at the market price prevailing at the end of the fiscal year. Derivatives held for trading purposes, such as swaps, futures and options, are valued on the assumption that they were settled at the end of the fiscal year.

Trading Revenue and Trading Losses include interest received and paid during the fiscal year, gains or losses resulting from any change in the value of securities and monetary claims between the end of the previous fiscal year and the end of this fiscal year, and gains or losses resulting from any change in the value of derivatives between the end of the previous fiscal year and the end of this fiscal year, assuming they were settled at the end of the fiscal year.

(3) Financial Instruments

(a) Securities

Held-to-maturity debt securities are valued at amortized cost, as determined by the moving average method. Other securities that have a market price are valued at the market price prevailing at the end of the fiscal year (the attributable cost of securities sold is determined by the moving average method). Other securities without a market price are valued at cost as determined by the moving average method or are valued at amortized cost. Investments in affiliates that are not accounted for under the equity method are valued at cost, as determined by the moving average method. The value of Money Held in Trust is calculated by valuing the underlying securities held using the same methods employed to value trading assets and securities described above.

The net unrealized gain or loss on other securities and other money held in trust is reported separately in Shareholders' Equity, on a net-of-tax basis.

(b) Derivatives

Derivative transactions (other than transactions for trading purposes) are held at fair value.

(c) Hedge Accounting

①Hedge of Interest Rate Risk

The Bank applies the deferred method of hedge accounting to manage interest rate risk arising on various financial assets and liabilities, which is described in "Accounting and Auditing Treatment relating to the Adoption of 'Accounting for Financial Instruments' for Banks", issued by the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (JICPA), (JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 24). Hedge effectiveness of a fair value hedge is assessed for each identified group of hedged items, such as loans and deposits, and the corresponding group of hedging instruments, such as interest rate swaps with the same maturity bucket. Hedge effectiveness of a cash flow hedge is assessed based on the correlation between the interest rate risk factor of the hedged items and that of the hedging instruments.

Deferred Hedge Gains/Losses were recorded in the consolidated balance sheets as a result of applying a macro hedging methodology based on "Tentative Accounting and Auditing Treatment relating to the Adoption of 'Accounting for Financial Instruments' for Banks" (JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 15), under which the Bank used derivatives to manage the overall interest rate risk arising on various financial assets and liabilities, such as loans and deposits. Such Deferred Hedge Gains/Losses are amortized into Interest Income or Interest Expenses over 7 years, the average remaining maturity, as calculated, based on the maturity and notional amount of the hedging instruments, beginning in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2004.

The unamortized balance of Deferred Hedge Losses and Deferred Hedge Gains under a macro hedging methodology as of March 31, 2005 were ¥71,944 million (\$670 million) and ¥2,060 million (\$19 million), respectively.

2 Hedge of Foreign Exchange Rate Risk

The Bank applies the deferred method of hedge accounting to manage foreign exchange rate risk arising on various financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, which is described in "Accounting and Auditing Treatment relating to Accounting for Foreign Currency Transactions in the Banking Industry" (JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 25). Hedge effectiveness is assessed by checking whether the amount of the hedged items, such as financial monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, exceeds that of the hedging instruments, such as currency swap or foreign exchange swap transactions, entered into to mitigate the foreign exchange rate risk arising on the hedged items.

The fair value method of hedge accounting, as comprehensive hedging methodologies, are applied for hedging foreign exchange rate risk arising on securities denominated in foreign currencies (other than debt securities), provided that (1) the securities denominated in foreign currencies are identified as hedged items in advance, and (2) spot and forward liabilities that exceed the acquisition costs of the foreign currency securities designated as hedged items exist on a foreign currency basis.

③Internal Derivative Transactions

Internal derivative transactions between trading purpose accounts and other accounts (or inter-division transactions), which are designated as hedges, are not eliminated. The related gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations or are deferred in accordance with the hedge accounting rules, because the internal interest rate swap and currency swap transactions, that are designated as hedging instruments, are conducted in a non discretionary manner and are appropriately covered by third party transactions, which are conducted in accordance with the standards articulated by the JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 24 and No. 25.

For certain other assets or liabilities, the Bank applies the deferral method or the accrual method, as specifically allowed for certain interest rate swaps. Under the deferral method, the recognition of income or expenses arising on a hedging instrument is deferred to the period when the income or expenses arising on the hedged item are recognized.

The Bank's consolidated subsidiaries do not adopt hedge accounting.

(4) Premises and Equipment

(1)Depreciation

Depreciation of premises and equipment of the Bank is calculated using the reducing-balance method (however, depreciation on buildings acquired after April 1, 1998 (excluding annex facilities of buildings) is calculated using the straight-line method).

The useful lives of premises and equipment are as follows:

Buildings: 15~50 years

Equipment: $4 \sim 15$ years

Depreciation of premises and equipment of the consolidated subsidiaries is calculated using primarily the reducing-balance method over the estimated economic useful lives of the premises and equipment.

@Land Revaluation

In accordance with the Law Concerning the Revaluation of Land, effective as of March 31, 1998, land used for

business purposes has been revalued as of March 31, 1998. The unrealized gain arising on the revaluation, net of deferred tax, was disclosed as Land Revaluation Reserve and included in Shareholders' Equity on the consolidated balance sheets. The related deferred tax liability is included in Liabilities as Deferred Tax Liabilities Relating to Land Revaluation.

The land price used for the revaluation was determined based on third-party appraisals in accordance with Article 2-5 of the enforcement ordinance for the Law Concerning the Revaluation of Land.

The difference (unrealized loss) between the book value of land, after the revaluation undertaken in accordance with Article 10 of the Law Concerning the Revaluation of Land, and the fair value was ¥256 million (\$2 million) and ¥31,123 million as of March 31, 2005 and March 31, 2004, respectively.

③Accounting Standard for Impairment of Fixed Assets

On August 9, 2002, the Business Accounting Council of Japan issued the new Japanese accounting standard for impairment of fixed assets, "The Opinion concerning the Establishment of Accounting Standards for Impairment of Fixed Assets". In addition, on October 31, 2003, the Accounting Standards Board of Japan issued "Implementation Guidance for Accounting Standards for Impairment of Fixed Assets" (Financial Accounting Standards Implementation Guidance No. 6). This standard shall be effective for fiscal years beginning April 1, 2005. However, earlier adoption is permitted for fiscal years beginning April 1, 2004 and for fiscal years ending between March 31, 2004 and March 30, 2005.

Therefore, the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries have implemented early adoption of this standard during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005. As a result, Income before Income Taxes and Minority Interests decreased by ¥29,488 million (\$275 million) as compared with the amount that would have been recorded if the standard had not been adopted.

All fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

(5) Software

The cost of computer software developed or obtained for internal use is capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

(6) Debentures

Debenture expenses are charged to income as incurred.

(7) Foreign Currency Translation

Assets/liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, and accounts of overseas branches in the Bank, are

translated into Japanese yen primarily using the exchange rates in effect at the consolidated balance sheet date. Assets/Liabilities of the consolidated subsidiaries denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen using the respective exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date.

(8) Reserve for Possible Loan Losses

The Reserve for Possible Loan Losses of the Bank is computed as follows:

a. The reserve for loans to debtors that are legally or substantially bankrupt is provided based on the remaining

amount of the loans after the direct write-off described below and the deduction of the amount expected to be collected through the disposal of collateral or the execution of guarantees. With respect to loans to borrowers who are legally or substantially in bankruptcy that are secured with collateral or guarantees, the remaining amount of the loan, after the deduction of the amount of collateral or the execution of guarantees, is directly written off. The amount of such direct write-offs was \$55,936 million (\$521 million) and \$42,763 million for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

- b. The reserve for loans to debtors who are not currently bankrupt, but are likely to become bankrupt, is provided based on the amount necessary, taking into account the overall solvency assessment of the debtor and after deducting the amount expected to be collected through the disposal of collateral or the execution of guarantees.
- c. The reserve for loans to debtors that have "Restructured Loans" (see Note 5(3)), and whose loans exceed a certain specific amount, is provided based on the Discounted Cash Flows Method if the future cash flows of the principal and interest can be reasonably estimated. Under the Discounted Cash Flows Method, the reserve is recognized as the difference between the book value of the loan and its present value of expected future cash flows, discounted by the contractual interest rate before the terms of the loan were restructured.
- d. The reserve for loans other than those indicated above, is provided primarily based on the default rate which the Bank has calculated based on actual defaults experienced in the past.
- e. The specific reserve for loans to countries with financial problems is provided based on the expected amount of losses taking into account the political, economic and other conditions in each country.

All claims are assessed by the Business Units based on the Bank's internal rules for the self-assessment of asset quality. The Asset Audit Department, which is independent from the Business Units, audits these self-assessments. The reserves described above are determined based upon the results of these audits.

The Reserve for Possible Loan Losses determined by the Bank's consolidated subsidiaries is computed primarily in the same manner employed by the Bank.

(9) Reserve for Bonus Payments

Reserve for Bonus Payments represents estimated payment of bonuses attributable to employees in relation to the current fiscal year.

(10) Reserve for Retirement Benefits

The Reserve for Retirement Benefits, which is provided for the payment of employees' retirement benefits, represents the estimated present value of projected benefit obligations in excess of the fair value of the plan assets taking into account adjustments for unrecognized prior year service costs and unrecognized actuarial differences at the end of the fiscal year.

Any change in plan benefits that impacts the benefit plan is charged to income in the year of change. Any actuarial differences are amortized over 10 years beginning one fiscal year after the year when the difference is identified.

(11) Accounting for Finance Leases

Accounting for finance leases where the ownership of assets is not transferred to the lessee is consistent with the same accounting principles as for operating leases. Rental expenses under operating leases are charged to

income.

(12) Consumption Taxes

Consumption tax and local consumption tax incurred by the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries are excluded from transaction amounts.

(13) Income Taxes

The income taxes of the Bank comprise corporate income taxes, local inhabitant taxes and enterprise taxes. Deferred income taxes are provided for in respect of temporary differences between the tax and accounting basis of recording assets and liabilities in the financial statements.

(14) Scope of Cash and Cash Equivalents in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

In the consolidated statements of cash flows, Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise cash and non-interest-bearing due from banks, included in Cash and Due from Banks on the consolidated balance sheets.

(15) Net Income per Share

Net Income per Share is computed based upon the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the fiscal year.

The total dividend for Lower Dividend Rate Stock and Preferred Stock is deducted from the numerator and the aggregate number of these stocks is deducted from the denominator in the calculation of net income per share.

3. Trading Assets

				Millions of
		Millions of	of Yen	U.S. Dollars
As of March 31		2005	2004	2005
Trading Securities	¥	21,916	¥ 91,107	\$ 204
Derivatives of Trading Securities		-	97	-
Derivatives of Securities Related to Trading Transactions		57	-	1
Trading-related Financial Derivatives		52,863	68,132	493
Other Trading Assets		308,864	356,771	2,878
Total	¥	383,701	¥ 516,108	\$ 3,576

4. Securities

				M	illions of			
		Millions of Yen						
As of March 31		2005	2004		2005			
Japanese Government Bonds	¥	12,889,388 $¥$	14,574,559	\$	120, 124			
Municipal Government Bonds		198,696	290,269		1,852			
Corporate Bonds		711,377	793,728		6,630			
Stocks		623,829	520,510		5,814			
Other		23,001,989	17,330,125		214,371			
Total	¥	37,425,281 ¥	33,509,192	\$	348,791			

The maturity profile of other securities with stated maturities and held-to-maturity debt securities is as follows:

	Millions of Yen								
	1	1 Year or Ov		ver 1Year O		Over		Over 10	
	Less		$\sim5{ m Years}$		5 Years \sim		Years		
As of March 31, 2005					1	0 Years			
Bonds	¥	268,204	¥	3,797,717	¥	4,092,347	¥	5,622,898	
Japanese Government Bonds		57,278		3,383,389		3,868,640		5,561,786	
Municipal Government Bonds		79,424		113,804		4,631		835	
Corporate Bonds		131,501		300,523		219,076		60,276	
Other		381,978		2,381,735		4,351,480		4,664,923	
Total	¥	650, 182	¥	6,179,453	¥	8,443,828	¥	10,287,822	

	Millions of Yen								
	1	1 Year or Over 1Year		Over 5 Years \sim		Over 10 Years			
	Less		$\sim5{ m Years}$						
As of March 31,2004	10 Years								
Bonds	¥	661,779	¥	4,986,745	¥	5,957,164	¥	4,052,867	
Japanese Government Bonds		417,632		4,405,220		5,762,479		3,989,226	
Municipal Government Bonds		70,635		212,369		6,385		879	
Corporate Bonds		173,511		369,154		188,300		62,762	
Other		588,295		1,854,951		4,818,549		2,751,849	
Total	¥	1,250,075	¥	6,841,697	¥	10,775,713	¥	6,804,717	

	Millions of U.S. Dollars								
	1 Ye	1 Year or		Over 1Year		Over		Over 10	
	Les	s	~	~ 5 Years	5	Years \sim	Y	ears	
As of March 31, 2005					10) Years			
Bonds	\$	2,499	\$	35,393	\$	38,139	\$	52,404	
Japanese Government Bonds		534		31,532		36,054		51, 8 34	
Municipal Government Bonds		740		1,060		43		8	
Corporate Bonds		1,225		2,801		2,042		562	
Other		3,560		22,197		40,554		43,475	
Total	\$	6,059	\$	57,590	\$	78,693	\$	95,879	

5. Loans and Bills Discounted

		Millions	of Y	en	 illions of 5. Dollars
As of March 31		2005		2004	 2005
Loans on Deeds	¥	13,169,684	¥	14,787,741	\$ 122,737
Promissory Notes		241,819		348,504	2,254
Overdrafts		2,249,876		2,613,947	20,968
Bills Discounted		30,839		39,220	287
Total	¥	15,692,220	¥	17,789,413	\$ 146,246

				Mill	lions of
		Millions of Y	Ten	U.S.	Dollars
As of March 31	_	2005	2004		2005
Loans to Borrowers under Bankruptcy Proceedings	¥	2,093 ¥	4,455	\$	20
Loans with Principal or Interest Payments					
More Than Six Months in Arrears		247,373	360,880		2,305
Loans with Principal or Interest Payments					
More Than Three Months in Arrears		2,141	2,500		20
Restructured Loans		239,058	283,100		2,228
Total	¥	490,666 ¥	650,936	\$	4,573

(1) The Bank does not accrue interest on "Loans to Borrowers under Bankruptcy Proceedings" and "Loans with Principal or Interest Payments More Than Six Months in Arrears".

(2) "Loans with Principal or Interest Payments More Than Three Months in Arrears" are loans which are past-due by 3 months or more other than "Loans to Borrowers under Bankruptcy Proceedings" and "Loans with Principal or Interest Payments More Than Six Months in Arrears".

(3) "Restructured Loans" are loans whereby, in order to support the borrowers' rehabilitation and facilitate the collection of the loan, the terms of the loans are restructured in favor of the borrowers by reducing the interest rate, suspending payments of interest or principal, waiving principal repayments, etc.

6. Foreign Exchange Assets

				Millio	ns of
		Millions of Ye	n	U.S. D	ollars
As of March 31		2005	2004		2005
Foreign Bills Purchased	¥	123 ¥	1,563	\$	1
Foreign Bills Receivable		5,979	10,374		56
Due from Foreign Banks		2,725	3,680		25
Total	¥	8,828 ¥	15,618	\$	82

7. Other Assets

				Millions of		
		Millions of Yen				
As of March 31		2005	2004	2005		
Prepaid Expenses	¥	1,419 ¥	926 \$	13		
Accrued Income		180,525	186,089	$1,\!682$		
Financial Derivatives		125,918	437,327	1,174		
Deferred Hedge Losses		84,716	120, 170	790		
Other		195,489	184,075	1,822		
Total	¥	588,069 ¥	928,589	\$ 5,481		

8. Premises and Equipment

				Millions of
		Millions of Ye	n	U.S. Dollars
As of March 31		2005	2004	2005
Land	¥	106,061 ¥	138,672	\$ 988
Buildings		56,191	57,812	524
Equipment		5,626	6,126	52
Other		5,762	6,686	54
Total Net Book Value	¥	173,641 ¥	209,297	\$ 1,618
Accumulated Depreciation Deducted	¥	98,690 ¥	97,461	\$ 920

9. Assets Pledged

Assets pledged as collateral comprise the following:

1 0	-	0				Millions of
				Millions of Y	en	U.S. Dollars
As of March 31				2005	2004	2005
Trading Assets			¥	38,996¥	13,798 \$	\$ 363
Securities				5,692,788	5,331,583	53,055

Liabilities related to the above pledged assets are as follows:

				Millions of
		Millions of Y	en	U.S. Dollars
As of March 31		2005	2004	2005
Call Money and Bills Sold	¥	- ¥	80,000	\$ -
Payables under Repurchase Agreements		3,869,804	$3,\!650,\!342$	36,065
Collateral Received under Securities Loaned		1, 88 4,339	1,562,048	17,561

In addition, as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, Securities totaling ¥2,700,860 million (\$25,171 million) and ¥3,099,465 million, respectively, and Loans and Bills Discounted totaling ¥7,332,995 million (\$68,341 million) and ¥8,532,164 million, respectively, were pledged as collateral for settlement of exchange and derivative transactions or as variation margin for futures transactions. Securities totaling ¥213,292 million (\$1,988 million) and ¥346,807 million as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, were pledged as collateral for third party borrowings by financial institutions.

10. Deposits

				Mi	llions of
		Millions of	Yen	U.S	5. Dollars
As of March 31		2005	2004		2005
Time Deposits	¥	34,257,608 ¥	34,024,582	\$	319,270
Notice Deposits		61,837	93,333		576
Ordinary Deposits		1,772,306	1,642,591		16,517
Current Deposits		98,734	120,809		920
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		422,999	316,886		3,942
Other Deposits		4,265,581	4,901,270		39,754
Total	¥	40,879,067 ¥	41,099,473	\$	380,979

11. Debentures

					Mi	llions of
		Millions	of Y	ən	U.S	. Dollars
As of March 31		2005		2004		2005
One-year Discount Debentures	¥	534,260	¥	657,339	\$	4,979
Long-term Coupon Debentures		4,170,101		4,556,477		38,864
Total	¥	4,704,361	¥	5,213,816	\$	43,843

12.Trading Liabilities

					Mill	ions of
		Millions	of Yer	L	U.S.	Dollars
As of March 31		2005		2004		2005
Derivatives of Trading Securities	¥	282	¥	1	\$	3
Securities Oversold Related to Trading Transactions		-		8		-
Derivatives of Securities Related to Trading Transactions		22		-		0
Trading-related Financial Derivatives		51,925		67,850		484
Total	¥	52,230	¥	67, 8 60	\$	487

13. Borrowings

Borrowings include subordinated loans of ¥888,632 million (\$8,282 million) as of March 31, 2005 and 2004.

14. Foreign Exchange Liabilities

				Mill	ions of
		Millions of Yen		U.S.	Dollars
As of March 31		2005	2004		2005
Foreign Bills Sold	¥	0 ¥	1	\$	0
Foreign Bills Payable		33	15		1
Due to Foreign Banks		21	311		0
Total	¥	56 ¥	328	\$	1

15. Other Liabilities

				Millions of
		Millions of Y	Yen	U.S. Dollars
As of March 31		2005	2004	2005
Short-term Entrusted Funds		1,609,292	1,752,530	14,998
Accrued Expenses		60,239	50,420	561
Income Taxes Payable		48,179	50,329	449
Unearned Income		3,272	3,787	31
Financial Derivatives		244,105	79,630	2,275
Deferred Hedge Gains		52,406	25,280	488
Other		169,212	344,620	1,577
Total	¥	2,186,707 ¥	2,306,599	\$ 20,379

16. Retirement Benefit Plans

The Bank is funding a defined benefit pension plan and, in addition, has a lump-sum payment pension plan. Additional retirement benefits are paid to employees in certain cases. To fund the lump-sum payment pension plan, the Bank has established a retirement benefit trust.

The reserve for retirement benefits as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, are analyzed as follows:

		Millions of Ye	n	 ions of Dollars
As of March 31		2005	2004	 2005
Projected Benefit Obligations	¥	(76,152) ¥	(76,472)	\$ (710)
Plan Assets		65,125	58,264	607
Unfunded Retirement Benefit Obligations		(11,026)	(18,207)	(103)
Unrecognized Transition Amount		-	-	-
Unrecognized Prior Service Cost		-	-	-
Unrecognized Actuarial Differences		2,870	8,843	27
Net Amounts Reported in the Balance Sheets		(8,155)	(9,363)	 (76)
Prepaid Pension Cost		779	-	7
Reserve for Retirement Benefits	¥	(8,935)¥	(9,363)	\$ (83)

Note: Certain consolidated subsidiaries adopt the simplified method to calculate projected benefit obligations.

Assumptions used in the above calculation are as follows:

	2005	2004
Discount Rate	2.0%	2.0%
Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	3.0%	3.0%
Method of Attributing the Projected Benefits to Periods of Service	Straight-line Basis	Straight-line Basis
Amortization of Unrecognized Prior Service Cost	Year incurred	Year incurred
Amortization of Transition Amount	Year incurred	Year incurred
Amortization of Unrecognized Actuarial Differences	10 years	10 years

17. Accounting for Income Taxes

The major components of Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, are as follows:

				Millions of
		Millions	U.S. Dollars	
As of March 31		2005	2004	2005
Deferred Tax Assets:				
Reserve for Possible Loan Losses	¥	82,450	¥ 95,878	\$ 768
Write off of Loans		12,609	7,202	118
Losses on Revaluation of Securities		6,020	9,934	56
Reserve for Retirement Benefits		9,171	9,370	86
Depreciation of Premises and Equipment		1,648	1,716	16
Net Unrealized Losses on Securities		24	19	0
Loss Carryforwards		-	1	-
Others		33,724	31,689	314
Subtotal		145,650	155,813	1,358
Valuation Allowance		(18,664)	(12,217)	(174)
Total Deferred Tax Assets		126,985	143,595	1,184
Deferred Tax Liabilities:				
Gain from Contribution of Securities to Employee				
Retirement Benefit Trust		(5,577)	(5,577)	(52)
Net Unrealized Gains on Securities		(345,025)	(215,347)	(3,216)
Others		(1,433)	(1,057)	(13)
Total Deferred Tax Liabilities		(352,035)	(221,982)	(3,281)
Net Deferred Tax Liabilities	¥	(225,049)	¥ (78,386)	\$ (2,097)

18. Acceptances and Guarantees

					Mill	ions of
	Millions of Yen			U.S. Dollars		
As of March 31		2005		2004		2005
Acceptance of Bills of Exchange	¥	0	¥	210	\$	0
Letters of Credit		26,404		26,878		246
Guarantees		169,170		212,760		1,577
Total	¥	195,576	¥	239,850	\$	1,823

All contingent liabilities arising in connection with customers' foreign trade and other transactions are classified under Acceptances and Guarantees. A contra account, Customers' Liabilities for Acceptances and Guarantees, is classified as an asset representing the Bank's right of indemnity from customers.

19. Commitments to Overdrafts and Loans

Commitments related to overdrafts and loans represent agreements to extend overdrafts or loans up to a pre-agreed amount at the customer's request as long as no violation of the conditions stipulated in the

commitment agreement exists. The amount of undrawn commitments in relation to such agreements is ¥4,615,830 million (\$43,018 million) and ¥4,768,318 million as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. The amount, which the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries could cancel at any time without penalty, is ¥2,343,345 million (\$21,839 million) and ¥2,436,895 million as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

The amount of undrawn commitments does not necessarily affect the future cash flow of the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries because the majority of such agreements are terminated without being exercised. Most of these agreements have provisions which stipulate that the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries may not extend the loan or may decrease the commitment when there are certain changes in the financial condition of the borrower, certain issues relating to collateral and other reasons. At the time of extending loans to customers, the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries are able to request collateral in the form of premises or securities as necessary. After extending loans, the Bank periodically checks the financial condition of its customers based on its internal rules and acts to secure loans as necessary.

20. Securities Loaned

Securities Loaned under unsecured lending agreements (Saiken Taishaku Torihiki) totaling ¥59,989 million (\$559 million) and ¥169,431 million as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, are included in Japanese Government Bonds and Other in Securities.

Securities Borrowed under unsecured borrowing agreements (Saiken Taishaku Torihiki) and Securities Received under resale agreements and cash-collateralized borrowing agreements, which can be sold or repledged by the Bank, include securities repledged out totaling \$250,704 million (\$2,336 million) and \$556,832 million as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, and securities held totaling \$925,354 million (\$8,624 million) and \$1,200,677 million as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. No securities were re-loaned as of March 31, 2005 and 2004.

21. Paid-in Capital

					Mi	llions of
	Millions of Yen				U.S. Dollars	
As of March 31		2005		2004		2005
Common Stock	¥	1,200,000	¥	1,200,000	\$	11,184
Preferred Stock		24,999		24,999		233
Total	¥	1,224,999	¥	1,224,999	\$	11,417

The Common Stock account includes Lower Dividend Rate Stock with a total par value of ¥1,000,000 million (\$9,320 million).

Lower Dividend Rate Stock is similar to regular common stock but has been issued on the condition that the dividend yield will be set below that relating to common stock.

22. Other Interest Income

				Millions of
		Millions of Yen		
Fiscal year ended March 31		2005	2004	2005
Call Loans and Bills Purchased	¥	1,182 ¥	1,560	\$ 11
Receivables under Resale Agreements		62	4,443	1
Collateral Deposited under Securities Borrowed		62	197	1
Cash and Due from Banks		33,958	33,297	316
Other		8,766	7,777	81
Total	¥	44,032 ¥	47,276	\$ 410

23. Trading Revenue

				Milli	ons of
		Millions of Yen		U.S. Dollars	
Fiscal year ended March 31		2005	2004		2005
Revenue from Trading Securities and Derivatives	¥	191 ¥	386	\$	2
Revenue from Securities and Derivatives Related to Trading					
Transactions		194	-		2
Revenue from Trading-related Financial Derivatives		-	1,104		-
Other Trading Revenue		109	922		1
Total	¥	495 ¥	2,413	\$	5

24. Other Operating Income

				Millions of	
		Millions of Ye	n	U.S. Dollars	
Fiscal year ended March 31		2005	2004	200	
Gains on Foreign Exchange Transactions	¥	- ¥	3,827	\$	
Gains on Sales of Bonds		32,857	91,759	30	
Gains on Redemption of Bonds		1,260	45	1	
Gains on Financial Derivatives		6,772	8,411	6	
Other		34,987	26,367	32	
Total	¥	75,877 ¥	130,411	\$ 70	

25. Other Income

				Millions of
		Millions of Ye	en	U.S. Dollars
Fiscal year ended March 31		2005	2004	2005
Gains on Sales of Stocks and Other Securities	¥	3,406 ¥	22,657	\$ 32
Gains on Money Held in Trust		109,799	110,729	1,023
Share of Earnings of Affiliates		641	364	6
Gains on Sales of Premises and Equipment		31	101	0
Recoveries of Claims Written-off		1,139	354	11
Other		23,135	16,420	216
Total	¥	138,153 ¥	150,627	\$ 1,288

Note: Other includes gains on Transfer from Reserve for Possible Loan Losses of ¥10,723 million (\$100 million) for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

26. Other Interest Expenses

				Mill	ions of	
	Millions of Yen				U.S. Dollars	
Fiscal year ended March 31		2005	2004		2005	
Call Money and Bills Sold	¥	1,553 ¥	1,337	\$	15	
Payables under Repurchase Agreements		75,108	54,445		700	
Collateral Received under Securities Loaned		231	375		2	
Other		465,161	419,721		4,335	
Total	¥	542,055 ¥	475,879	\$	5,052	

27. Trading Losses

		Millions of Y	Von	Millions of U.S. Dollars
Fiscal year ended March 31	<u></u>	2005	2004	2005
Losses on Securities and Derivatives Related to Trading				
Transactions	¥	- ¥	332	\$ -
Losses on Trading-related Financial Derivatives		165	-	2
Total	¥	165 ¥	332	\$ 2

28. Other Operating Expenses

				Milli	ons of
		Millions of Ye	n	U.S. I	Dollars
Fiscal year ended March 31		2005	2004		2005
Amortization of Debenture Issuance Costs	¥	334 ¥	389	\$	3
Losses on Foreign Exchange Transactions		192			2
Losses on Sales of Bonds		42,582	102,396		397
Losses on Redemption of Bonds		94	19		1
Losses on Revaluation of Bonds		-	2,388		
Other Operating Expenses		42,137	37,656		392
Total	¥	8 5,341 ¥	142,851	\$	795

29. Other Expenses

				Millions of
		Millions of Yei	n	U.S. Dollars
Fiscal year ended March 31		2005	2004	2005
Transfer to Reserve for Possible Loan Losses	¥	~ ¥	37,641	\$ -
Write-off of Loans		1,010	6,186	9
Losses on Sales of Stocks and Other Securities		145	3,284	1
Losses on Revaluation of Stocks and Other Securities		717	3,242	7
Losses on Money Held in Trust		11,955	4,080	112
Losses on Disposals of Premises and Equipment		1,483	3,692	14
Other		79,537	33,001	741
Total	¥	94,849 ¥	91,130	\$ 884

Note: Other includes losses on impairment of fixed assets of ¥29,488 million (\$275 million) for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

30. Losses on Impairment of Fixed Assets

The following losses on impairment of fixed assets are recognized during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 and they are included in Other Expenses.

				Milli	ons of
Use	Classification	Millio	ons of Yen	U.S. 1	Dollars
Business Premises and Equipment	Land and Building, etc.	¥	$24,\!661$	\$	230
Idle Premises and Equipment	Land and Building, etc.		4,827		45

The Bank grouped its business premises and equipment by the unit of 'head office', 'domestic branches' and 'overseas branches', for which revenue and expenditures are periodically identified. Such grouping was performed by considering the relationship of cash flows between branches and unique functional characteristics of each unit, and idle premises and equipment are considered individually by asset. Training institutes and recreation facilities, which generate no cash flows, are grouped as facilities for common use.

The book value of business premises and equipment is written down to the recoverable amount if the total amount of undiscounted future cash flow generated from an asset group is less than the book value, after land

revaluation. The book value of idle premises and equipment is also written down to the recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount, which is used in the calculation of impairment losses for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, is the net realizable value. The net realizable value is calculated based on the appraisal value, etc.

As to consolidated subsidiaries, assets of each individual subsidiary are grouped as a unit and no impairment losses were recognized by any of such asset groups during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

31. Cash Flows

The reconciliation of Cash and Due from Banks in the consolidated balance sheets to Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of year is as follows:

				Millions of	
		Millions of Y	U.S. Dollars		
As of March 31		2005	2004	200)5
Cash and Due from Banks	¥	2,385,245 $¥$	3,686,052	\$ 22,23	30
Less: Interest-bearing Due from Banks		(1,691,411)	(3,217,486)	(15,764)	4)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	¥	693,833 ¥	468,565	\$ 6,46	36

32. Segment Information

(a) Segment Information by Type of Business

Segment Information by Type of Business is not shown in this statement, since the business segments, other than the banking business, are immaterial.

(b) Segment Information by Location

						\mathbb{N}	lillions of Y	en					
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005		Japan	The Americas		Europe		Asia		Total		limination and Corporate Assets	Co	nsolidated
I .Ordinary Income													
(1)Ordinary Income													
from Third-parties	¥	1,114,591	¥ 9,92	5¥	24,056	¥	15,958	¥	1,164,532	¥	-	¥	1,164,532
(2)Inter-segment													
Ordinary Income		18,465	40,92	1	109,961		74,120		243,468		(243,468)		-
Total		1,133,057	50,84	6	134,017		90,079		1,408,000		(243,468)		1,164,532
Ordinary Expenses		928,455	46,96	4	131,321		87,128		1,193,869		(243,468)		950,401
Ordinary Profit	¥	204,602	¥ 3,88	2 ¥	2,695	¥	2,950	¥	214,130	¥	-	¥	214,130
II .Assets	¥	67,285,727	¥ 2,752,41	6 ¥	5,429,024	¥	3,646,503	¥	79,113,671	¥	(17,135,058)	¥	61,978,612

<u></u>							N	fillions of Y	en					
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2004		Japan	А	The mericas		Europe		Asia		Total	-	Elimination and Corporate Assets	Co	nsolidated
I .Ordinary Income														
(1)Ordinary Income														
from Third-parties	¥	1,077,626	¥	7,289	¥	30,927	¥	20,884	¥	1,136,727	¥	-	¥	1,136,727
(2)Inter-segment														
Ordinary Income		21,482		22,288		99,285		83,350		226,405		(226,405)		-
Total		1,099,108		29,577		130,212		104,234		1,363,133		(226,405)		1,136,727
Ordinary Expenses		922,887		23,076		129,419		100,254		1,175,637		(226, 447)		949,190
Ordinary Profit	¥	176,221	¥	6,500	¥	793	¥	3,979	¥	187,495	¥	41	¥	187,537
II .Assets	¥	67,658,370	¥	2,442,145	¥	6,024,140	¥	4,596,470	¥	80,721,126	¥	(18,888,108)	¥	61,833,018

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 ,				Mi	lio	ns of U.S. I	Dol	lars				
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005	 Japan	А	The mericas		Europe		Asia		Total		Climination and Corporate Assets	Co	onsolidated
I .Ordinary Income (1)Ordinary Income from Third-parties (2)Inter-segment Ordinary Income	\$ 10,388 172	\$	92 381	\$	224 1.025	\$	149 691	\$	10,853 2,269	\$	(2,269)	Ψ	10,853
Total Ordinary Expenses Ordinary Profit	\$ 10,560 8,653 1,907	¢	473 438 35	¢	1,249 1,223 26	¢	840 812 28	\$	13,122 11,126 1,996	¢	(2,269) (2,269)		10,853 8,857 1,996
II .Assets	\$ 627,080		25,652	<u> </u>	50,59 7		33,984	· · · ·	737,313		(159,693)	- T	577,620

Notes: 1.Ordinary Income represents Total Income less certain special income.

Notes: 2.Ordinary Expenses represents Total Expenses less certain special expenses.

- Notes: 3. The Bank reported "Ordinary Income" and "Ordinary Profit" that corresponds to Sales and Operating Profit for non-financial companies, for the Bank's head office, branches and the consolidated subsidiaries according to the classification of country or region. The geographic classification was effected by geographical proximity, similarities in economic activities and inter-relationships among these activities.
- Notes: 4. "The Americas" includes the United States. "Europe" includes the United Kingdom and "Asia" includes Singapore.
- Notes: 5.As mentioned in Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (4) Premises and Equipment, ③ Accounting Standard for Impairment of Fixed Assets, the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries adopted the accounting standard for impairment of fixed assets effective for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005. As a result, Assets of "Japan" decreased by ¥29,488 million (\$275 million), however, there was no impact on Ordinary Profit of each segment as compared with the amount that would have been recorded if the accounting standard had not been adopted during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

Fiscal years ended March 31			ry Income from onal Operations	Ratio of Ordinary Income from International Operations over Consolidated Ordinary Income		
,			Millions	of Yen		Percentage
	2005^{-}	¥	862,623	¥	1,164,532	74.0%
	2004_{-}	¥	843,931	¥	1,136,727	74.2%
			Millions of U	.S. Dollars	5	Percentage
	2005^{-}	\$	8,039	\$	10,853	74.0%

(c) Ordinary Income from International Operations

Notes: 1. Ordinary Income represents Total Income less certain special income.

Notes: 2. Ordinary Expenses represents Total Expenses less certain special expenses.

Notes: 3. "Ordinary Income from International Operations" is shown in place of Overseas Sales for non-financial companies.

Notes: 4. "Ordinary Income from International Operations" comprises foreign currency transactions, yen-denominated trade bills, yen-denominated transactions with non-Japanese residents, transactions in the offshore market in Japan, transactions by overseas branches of the parent and transactions by overseas consolidated subsidiaries (excluding Inter-segment Ordinary Income between consolidated entities). The composition of this substantial volume of transactions is not broken down by counter-party. Therefore, segment information by country and region has not been presented.

33. Fair Value of Securities

For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2005

Trading Securities

	Ν	Aillions of Yen	Millio	ons of U.S. Dollars
	Carrying	Unrealized Loss	Carrying	Unrealized Loss
March 31, 2005	Value	Recognized as expenses	Value	Recognized as expenses
Trading Securities	¥330,780	¥(44)	\$3,083	\$(0)

Note: The above analysis of Trading Securities includes Trading Securities, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit and Commercial Paper disclosed as "Trading Assets" in the consolidated balance sheet.

Held-to-maturity Debt Securities that have a Fair Value

	Millions of Yen										
	Carrying Value	Unrealized G	ain								
March 31, 2005				Gain	Loss						
Japanese Government Bonds	¥18,293	¥18,378	¥84	¥84	¥ -						
Total	¥18,293	¥18,378	¥84	¥84	¥ -						

	Millions of U.S. Dollars									
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Net	Unrealized G	ain					
March 31, 2005				Gain	Loss					
Japanese Government Bonds	\$170	\$171	\$1	\$1	\$ -					
Total	\$170	\$171	\$1	\$1	\$ -					

Note: Fair value is based on fair prices at the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

Other Securities held at Fair Value

				I	Milli	ons of Yen					
	Acq	uisition	C_{ℓ}	arrying		Net	: Un	realized Ga	in		
March 31, 2005	Cost		`	Value				Gain	Loss		
Stocks	¥	304,460	¥	488,302	¥	183,842	¥	185,677	¥	1,834	
Bonds	1	3,376,022	1	3,723,191		347,168		347,506		338	
Japanese Government Bonds	1	2,536,164	1	2,871,094		334,930		334,983		53	
Municipal Government Bonds		196,006		198,696		2,689		2,878		189	
Corporate Bonds		643,851		653,399		9,548		9,644		95	
Other	2	2,429,454	2	2,945,022		515,568		760,072		244,503	
Total	¥З	6,109,937	¥ 3	7,156,516	¥	1,046,579	¥	1,293,255	¥	246,676	

	Millions of U.S. Dollars											
	Ace	quisition	Carrying Value			Net	et Unrealized Gain					
March 31, 2005		Cost					(Gain	Loss			
Stocks	\$	2,837	\$	4,550	\$	1,713	\$	1,730	\$	17		
Bonds		124,660		127,896		3,236		3,239		3		
Japanese Government Bonds		116,833		119,955		3,122		3,122		0		
Municipal Government Bonds		1,827		1,852		25		27		2		
Corporate Bonds		6,000		6,089		89		90		1		
Other		209,035		213,840		4,805		7,084		2,279		
Total	\$	336,532	\$	346,286	\$	9,754	\$	12,053	\$	2,299		

Note: 1. The above analysis of Other Securities held at Fair Value includes "Securities", Negotiable Certificates of Deposit disclosed as "Cash and Due from Banks", and Commercial Paper disclosed as "Commercial Paper and Other Debt Purchased" in the consolidated balance sheet.

Note: 2. Carrying values of securities held on the consolidated balance sheet are stated based on the quoted market price at the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

Other Securities Sold during the Fiscal Year

	Millions of Yen			Millions of U.S. Dollars			
	Sales	Gains on	Losses on	Sales	Gains on	Losses on	
March 31, 2005	Proceeds	Sales	Sales	Proceeds	Sales	Sales	
Other Securities	¥5,020,198	¥35,470	¥42,809	\$46,787	\$331	\$399	

Carrying Value of Securities without a Fair Value

March 31, 2005	Million	s of Yen	Millions of U.S.	Dollars
Other Securities				
Unlisted Stocks (excluding Over-the-counter Stocks)	¥	135,527	\$	1,263
Foreign Securities		12,374		115
Other		113,808		1,061

For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2004

Trading Securities

	Ν	Aillions of Yen	Millions of U.S. Dollars			
	Carrying	Unrealized Loss	Carrying	Unrealized Loss		
March 31, 2004	Value	Recognized as expenses	Value	Recognized as expenses		
Trading Securities	¥447,879	¥(246)	\$4,237	\$(2)		

Note: The above analysis of Trading Securities includes Trading Securities, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit and Commercial Paper disclosed as "Trading Assets" in the consolidated balance sheet.

Held-to-maturity Debt Securities that have a Fair Value

	Millions of Yen								
March 31, 2004	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain						
				Gain	Loss				
Japanese Government Bonds	¥15,421	¥15,446	¥24	¥52	¥27				
Total	¥15,421	¥15,446	¥24	¥52	¥27				

	Millions of U.S. Dollars								
March 31, 2004	Carrying Value	Unrealized G	ain						
				Gain	Loss				
Japanese Government Bonds	\$146	\$146	\$0	\$0	\$0				
Total	\$146	\$146	\$0	\$0	\$0				

Note: Fair value is based on fair prices at the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2004.

Other Securities held at Fair Value

				Ν	Millio	ns of Yen				
_	Acq	uisition	Ca	arrying		Ne	t Un	realized Ga	in	
March 31, 2004	Cost		1	Value		Gain L			Loss	
Stocks	¥	305,041	¥	470,248	¥	165,207	¥	167,153	¥	1,946
Bonds	1	5,524,587	1	5,610,730		86,143		157,389		71,245
Japanese Government Bonds	1	4,488,242	1	4,559,137		70,895		140,113		69,217
Municipal Government Bonds		284,985		290,269		5,284		5,759		475
Corporate Bonds		751,359		761,323		9,963		11,515		1,552
Other	1	6,831,585	1	7,193,572		361,987		757,439		395,451
Total	¥3	2,661,213	¥ 3	3,274,551	¥	613,337	¥	1,081,982	¥	468,644

	Millions of U.S. Dollars									
-	Aco	quisition	С	arrying	Net			Unrealized Gain		
March 31, 2004	$\overline{\mathrm{Cost}}$			Value -			Gain Loss			oss
Stocks	\$	2,886	\$	4,449	\$	1,563	\$	1,581	\$	18
Bonds		146,874		$147,\!689$		815		1,489		674
Japanese Government Bonds		137,070		137,741		671		1,326		655
Municipal Government Bonds		2,696		2,746		50		54		4
Corporate Bonds		7,108		7,202		94		109		15
Other		159,239		$162,\!664$		3,425		7,166		3,741
Total	\$	308,999	\$	314,802	\$	5,803	\$	10,236	\$	4,433

Note: 1. The above analysis of Other Securities held at Fair Value includes "Securities", Negotiable Certificates of Deposit disclosed as "Cash and Due from Banks", and Commercial Paper disclosed as "Commercial Paper and Other Debt Purchased" in the consolidated balance sheet.

Note: 2. Carrying values of securities held on the consolidated balance sheet are stated based on the quoted market price at the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2004.

Other Securities Sold during the Fiscal Year

	N	Aillions of Yen		Millions of U.S. Dollars			
	Sales	Gains on	Losses on	Sales	Gains on	Losses on	
March 31, 2004	Proceeds	Sales	Sales	Proceeds	Sales	Sales	
Other Securities	¥5,467,634	¥113,465	¥105,599	\$51,728	\$1,073	\$999	

Carrying Value of Securities without a Fair Value

March 31, 2004	Millions	of Yen	Millions of U.S	. Dollars
Other Securities				
Unlisted Stocks (excluding Over-the-counter Stocks)	¥	50,261	\$	476
Foreign Securities		71,353		675
Other		106,693		1,009

34. Fair Value of Money Held in Trust

For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2005

Money Held in Trust for Trading Purpose

	Milli	ions of Yen	Millions	of U.S. Dollars
March 31, 2005	Carrying Value	Unrealized Gain Recognized as income	Carrying Value	Unrealized Gain Recognized as income
Money Held in Trust for				
Trading Purpose	¥37,485	¥154	\$349	\$1

Other Money Held in Trust (Money Held in Trust other than that for trading purpose or held to maturity)

		Millions of Yen							
	Acquisition	Carrying	Net Unrealized Gain						
March 31, 2005	Cost	Value		Gain	Loss				
Other Money Held in Trust	¥4,056,168	¥4,117,181	¥61,013	¥92,647	¥31,633				

	Millions of U.S. Dollars								
	Acquisition	Carrying	Net Unrealized Gain						
March 31,2005	Cost	Value		Gain	Loss				
Other Money Held in Trust	\$37,802	\$38,371	\$569	\$863	\$295				

Note: Carrying values of Other Money Held in Trust disclosed on the consolidated balance sheet are based on the quoted market price of the underlying assets as at the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2004

Money	Held in	Trust	for	Trading	Purpose
-------	---------	-------	-----	---------	---------

	Milli	ions of Yen	Millions of U.S. Dollars			
March 31, 2004	Carrying Value	Unrealized Loss Recognized as expenses	Carrying Value	Unrealized Loss Recognized as expenses		
Money Held in Trust for						
Trading Purpose	¥30,077	¥(18)	\$285	\$(0)		

Other Money Held in Trust (Money Held in Trust other than that for trading purpose or held to maturity)

			Millions of Y	Yen	
	Acquisition	Carrying		Net Unrealized Gai	n
<u>March 31, 2004</u>	Cost	Value		Gain	Loss
Other Money Held in Trust	¥3,732,145	¥3,810,128	¥77,983	¥115,439	¥37,455

		N	lillions of U.S. I	Dollars				
	Acquisition	Carrying	Net Unrealized Gain					
March 31,2004	Cost	Value		Gain	Loss			
Other Money Held in Trust	\$35,309	\$36,047	\$738	\$1,092	\$354			

Note: Carrying values of Other Money Held in Trust disclosed on the consolidated balance sheet are based on the quoted market price of the underlying assets as at the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2004.

35. Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2005

Interest Rate-Related Derivative Instruments

						Million	ns of Ye	en		
				Contract A	mou	nt or	F	air	Unre	ealized
				Notional	Amo	unt	Va	alue	G	lain
March 31, 2005					Ove	er 1Year			/I	JOSS
Exchange-traded	Interest Rate	Sold	¥	60,876	¥	•	¥	101	¥	101
Transactions	Futures	Purchased		79,605		-		(39)		(39)
	Interest Rate	Sold		-		-		-		-
	Options	Purchased		-		-		-		-
Over-the-counter	Forward Rate	Sold		-		-		-		-
Transactions	Agreements	Purchased		-		-		-		-
	Interest Rate	Rec. Fix. Pay. Flt.		3,909,045	1,	635,604		49,036		49,036
	Swaps	Rec. Flt. Pay. Fix.	4	2,340,839	1,	674,509	(45,045)	(45,045)
		Rec.:FltPay.: Flt.		-		-		-		-
	Interest Rate	Sold		10,000		-		(211)		(211)
	Options	Purchased		57,000		25,000		934		924
	Other	Sold		50,300		10,000		(0)		25
		Purchased		51,000		10,000		(1)		(14)
	Total		¥	/	¥	1	¥	4,774	¥	4,777

					N	lillions of	U.S. I	ollars		
			(Contract A	mou	nt or	H	Fair	Unr	ealized
				Notional	Amo	unt	V	alue	C	fain
March 31, 2005					Ove	er 1Year			/]	JOSS
Exchange-traded	Interest Rate	Sold	\$	567	\$	-	\$	1	\$	1
Transactions	Futures	Purchased		742		-		(0)		(0)
	Interest Rate	Sold		-		-		-		-
	Options	Purchased		-		-		-		-
Over-the-counter	Forward Rate	Sold		-		-		-		-
Transactions	Agreements	Purchased		-		-		-		-
	Interest Rate	Rec. FixPay.: Flt.		36,431		15,243		457		457
	Swaps	Rec. Flt. Pay. Fix.		21,816		15,606		(420)		(420)
		Rec.:FltPay.: Flt.		-		-		-		-
	Interest Rate	Sold		93		-		(2)		(2)
	Options	Purchased		531		233		9		9
	Other	Sold		469		93		(0)		0
		Purchased	ł	475		93		(0)		(0)
	Total		\$	1	\$	/	\$	45	\$	45

Note: 1.Derivative instruments are revalued to fair value. Changes in fair value are included in the consolidated statement of operations. The above analysis excludes derivative instruments accounted for as hedges in accordance with "Accounting and Auditing Treatment relating to the Adoption of 'Accounting for Financial Instruments' for Banks" (JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 24).

Note: 2.Determination of fair value:

The fair value of exchange-traded derivative instruments is based on closing prices at the Tokyo International Financial Futures Exchange or other relevant exchanges. The fair value of over-the-counter traded derivative instruments is determined based on a discounted net present value model, option pricing model or other models as appropriate.

Currency-Related Derivative Instruments

			Millions of Yen								
		Contract Amount or Fair Notional Amount Value								realized Gain	
March 31, 2005					Ove	r 1Year				/Loss	
Over-the-counter	Currency Swa	ps	¥	62,831	¥	40,193	¥	(472)	¥	(472)	
Transactions	Forwards	Sold		434,475		3,658		(6,385)		(6,385)	
		Purchased		414,959		2,296	2,296 4,890			4,890	
Total		¥	1	¥	/	¥	(1,967)	¥	(1,967)		

				Mil	lions of U	ſ.S.	Dollars	
			Contract Amount or Notional Amount					 realized Gain
March 31, 2005				Over	r 1Year			/Loss
Over-the-counter	Currency Swa	ps	\$ 586	\$	375	\$	(4)	\$ (4)
Transactions	Forwards	Sold	4,049		34		(60)	(60)
		Purchased	3,867		21		46	46
	Total		\$ /	\$	/	\$	(18)	\$ (18)

Note: 1.Derivative instruments are revalued to fair value. Changes in fair value are included in the consolidated statement of operations. The above analysis excludes derivative instruments 1) accounted for as hedges in accordance with "Accounting and Auditing Treatment relating to Accounting for Foreign Currency Transactions in the Banking Industry" (JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 25), or 2) designated to certain monetary receivables or payables denominated in foreign currencies and recorded on the consolidated balance sheet.

Note: 2.Determination of fair value:

Fair value is determined based on the discounted net present value of currency-related derivative instruments.

Note

Stock-Related Derivative Instruments

The Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries held no stock-related derivative instruments during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

					Ν	Aillions	s of Ye	en		
			(Contract Amount or				Fair		alized
			Notional Amount		r	/alue	G	ain		
March 31, 2005					Over	lYear	1		/I.	oss
Exchange-traded	Bond Futures	Sold	¥	36,984	¥	-	¥	(228)	¥	(228)
ransactions		Purchased		1,182		-		(19)		(19)
	Bond Futures	Sold		-		-		-		-
	Options	Purchased		-		-		-		-
Over-the-counter	Bond Options	Sold		-		-		-		-
Transactions		Purchased		-		-		-		-
	Total		¥	/	¥	1	¥	(247)	¥	(247)

Bond-Related Derivative Instruments

					Milli	ions of L	J.S. Do	llars		
			Contract Amount or					Unre	alized	
			Notional Amount		G			ain		
March 31, 2005					Over	1Year			/L	oss
Exchange-traded	Bond Futures	Sold	\$	345	\$	-	\$	(2)	\$	(2)
Transactions		Purchased		11		-		(0)		(0)
	Bond Futures	Sold		-		-		-		-
	Options	Purchased		-		-		-		-
Over-the-counter	Bond Options	Sold		-		-		-		-
Transactions		Purchased		-		-		-		-
	Total		\$	1	\$	1	\$	(2)	\$	(2)

Note: 1.Derivative instruments are revalued to fair value. Changes in fair value are included in the consolidated statement of operations. The above analysis excludes derivative instruments accounted for as hedges. Note: 2.Determination of fair value:

The fair value of exchange-traded derivative instruments is based on closing prices at Tokyo Stock

Exchange or other relevant exchanges. The fair value of over-the-counter traded derivative instruments is determined based on an option pricing model or other models as appropriate.

Commodities Related Derivative Instruments

The Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries held no commodities related derivative instruments during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

Credit Derivative Instruments

The Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries held no credit derivative instruments during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2004

Interest Rate-Related Derivative Instruments

						Million	is of Y	en		
			(Contract A	moui	nt or		Fair	Uni	realized
				Notional	Amou	int	7	/alue	(Gain
March 31, 2004					Ove	r 1Year			/	Loss
Exchange traded	Interest Rate	Sold	¥	71,754	¥	-	¥	(12)	¥	(12)
Transactions	Futures	Purchased		50,764		-		180		180
	Interest Rate	Sold		-		-		-		-
	Options	Purchased		-		-		-		-
Over-the-counter	Forward Rate	Sold		-		-		-		-
Transactions	Agreements	Purchased		-		-		-		-
	Interest Rate	Rec. Fix. Pay. Flt.	10	,524,756	3,	668,002		98,139		98,139
	Swaps	Rec. Flt. Pay. Fix.	3	3,240,111	2,	064,668		(84,956)		(84,956)
	-	Rec.:FltPay.: Flt.		20,000		-		20		20
	Interest Rate	Sold		15,000		10,000		(469)		(469)
	Options	Purchased		63,000		57,000		1,443		1,443
	Other	Sold		55,300		50,300		(12)		(12)
		Purchased		56,000		51,000		7		7
	Total		¥	1	¥	1	¥	14,340	¥	14,340

					Mil	lions of	U.S.	Dollars		
			(Contract A	mount	or		Fair	Un	realized
				Notional	Amour	nt		Value		Gain
March 31, 2004					Over	1Year				/Loss
Exchange-traded	Interest Rate	Sold	\$	679	\$	-	\$	(0)	\$	(0)
Transactions	Futures	Purchased		480		-		2		2
	Interest Rate	Sold		-		-		-		-
_	Options	Purchased		•		-		-		-
Over-the-counter	Forward Rate	Sold		-		-		-		-
Transactions	Agreements	Purchased		-		-		-		-
	Interest Rate	Rec. Fix. Pay. Flt.		99,572	e e	34,702		928		928
	Swaps	Rec.:FltPay.: Fix.		30,654	-	19,533		(804)		(804)
		Rec.:FltPay.: Flt.		189		-		0		0
	Interest Rate	Sold		142		95		(4)		(4)
	Options	Purchased		596		539		14		14
	Other	Sold		523		476		(0)		(0)
		Purchased		530		482		0		0
	Total		\$	596 539 523 476				136	\$	136

Note: 1.Derivative instruments are revalued to fair value. Changes in fair value are included in the consolidated statement of operations. The above analysis excludes derivative instruments accounted for as hedges. Note: 2.Determination of fair value:

The fair value of exchange-traded derivative instruments is based on closing prices at the Tokyo International Financial Futures Exchange or other relevant exchanges. The fair value of over-the-counter traded derivative instruments is determined based on a discounted net present value model, option pricing model or other models as appropriate.

Currency-Related Derivative Instruments

			Millions of Yen							
				Contract	Amou	nt or		Fair	Un	realized
				Notional Amount			Value			Gain
March 31, 2004				Ove	er 1Year]			/Loss	
Over-the-counter	Currency Swa	ps	¥	74,040	¥	71,512	¥	2,003	¥	2,003
Transactions	Forwards	Sold		298,069		8		229		229
		Purchased	1	,365,625		63		(2,203)		(2,203)
Total		¥	/	¥	/	¥	28	¥	28	

				Mil	lions of U	.S.	Dollars		
			Contract Amount or Notional Amount				Fair Value		realized Gain
March 31, 2004			Over	: 1Year			.	/Loss	
Over-the-counter	Currency Swa	ps	\$ 700	\$	677	\$	19	\$	19
Transactions	Forwards	Sold	2,820		0		2		2
		Purchased	12,920		1		(21)		(21)
Total		\$ 1	\$	1	\$	0	\$	0	

Note: 1.Derivative instruments are revalued to fair value. Changes in fair value are included in the consolidated statement of operations. The above analysis excludes derivative instruments accounted for as hedges (see Note 3 below).

Note: 2.Determination of fair value:

Fair value is determined based on the discounted net present value of currency-related derivative instruments.

Note: 3.Currency Swaps accounted for under the accrual method are excluded from the above analysis. The Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries held no currency swaps which are accounted for under the accrual method on the basis of the temporary treatment described in "Accounting and Auditing Treatment relating to Accounting for Foreign Currency Transactions in the Banking Industry" (JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 25), for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2003.

The above analysis excludes foreign exchange forward contracts and currency options, which are 1)revalued at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the fiscal year and changes in fair value are included in the consolidated statement of operations, 2) designated to certain monetary receivables or payables denominated in foreign currencies and recorded on the consolidated balance sheet, or 3) designated to the monetary receivables or payables denominated in foreign currencies which are eliminated for consolidation purposes.

The above mentioned transactions related to currency derivatives are as follows:

Stock-Related Derivative Instruments

The Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries held no stock-related derivative instruments during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2004.

						Millions	of Ye	n		
			(Contract A	mount	or	F	`air	Unrea	alized
				Notional	Amoun	t	Va	alue	Ga	ain
March 31, 2004					Over	1Year			/Lo	oss
Exchange-traded	Bond Futures	Sold	¥	21,610	¥	-	¥	130	¥	130
Transactions		Purchased		2,995		-		(8)		(8)
	Bond Futures	Sold		-		-		-		-
	Options	Purchased		-		-		-		-
Over-the-counter	Bond Options	Sold		-		-		-		-
Transactions		Purchased		-		-		-		-
	Total		¥	1	¥	1	¥	121	¥	121

Bond-Related Derivative Instruments

					Milli	ons of L	J.S. Do	llars		
			C	ontract A	mount	or	F	air	Unre	alized
				Notional	Amount	5	Vε	alue	G	ain
March 31, 2004				Over	1Year			/L	oss	
Exchange-traded	Bond Futures	Sold	\$	204	\$	-	\$	1	\$	1
Transactions		Purchased		28		-		(0)		(0)
	Bond Futures	Sold		-		-		-		-
	Options	Purchased		-		-		-		-
Over-the-counter	Bond Options	Sold		-		-		-		-
Transactions		Purchased		-		-		-		-
	Total		\$	1	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1

Note: 1.Derivative instruments are revalued to fair value. Changes in fair value are included in the consolidated statement of operations. The above analysis excludes derivative instruments accounted for as hedges.

Note: 2.Determination of fair value:

The fair value of exchange-traded derivative instruments is based on closing prices at Tokyo Stock Exchange or other relevant exchanges. The fair value of over-the-counter traded derivative Instruments is determined based on a discounted net present value model, option pricing model or other models as appropriate.

Commodities-Related Derivative Instruments

The Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries held no commodities-related derivative instruments during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2004.

Credit Derivative Instruments

			Millions of Yen									
				Contract A	mou	nt or]	Fair	Unr	ealized		
				Notional	Amo	unt	Value		C	lain		
March 31, 2004				Ov	ver 1Year							
Over-the-counter	Credit Default	Sold	¥	111,000	¥	107,500	¥	3,474	¥	3,474		
Transactions	Swaps	Purchased		-		-		-		-		
	Other	Sold						-		•		
		Purchased				-		-		-		
	Total		¥	1	¥	1	¥	3,474	¥	3,474		

				Millions of U.S. Dollars									
			(Contract Amount or Notional Amount			-	Fair ⁄alue		alized ain			
March 31, 2004				Ove	er 1Year								
Over-the-counter	Credit Default	Sold	\$	1,050	\$	1,017	\$	33	\$	33			
Transactions	Swaps	Purchased		-		-		-		-			
	Other	Sold		-		-		-		-			
		Purchased		-		-		-		-			
	Total		\$	1	\$	1	\$	33	\$	33			

Note: 1.Derivatives instruments are revalued to fair value. Changes in fair value are included in the consolidated statement of operations. The above analysis excludes derivative instruments accounted for as hedges.

Note: 2.Determination of fair value:

Fair value is determined based on prices of the underlying items and the terms of contracts of credit derivative transactions.

Note: 3."Sold" means the underwriting of credit risk and "Purchase" means the transferring of credit risk.

36. The Norinchukin Bank (Parent Company)

(a) Non-consolidated Balance Sheets

(a) Non-consolidated Balance Sheets						
						illions of
		Millions	of Ye		_U.\$	5. Dollars
As of March 31		2005		2004		2005
Assets						
Cash and Due from Banks	¥	2,374,629	¥	$3,\!573,\!051$	\$	22,131
Call Loans and Bills Purchased		417,463		404,310		3,891
Collateral Deposited under Securities Borrowed		19,321		327,486		180
Commercial Paper and Other Debt Purchased		837,847		654, 8 39		7,808
Trading Assets		383,701		489,733		3,576
Money Held in Trust		4,154,667		3,840,206		38,720
Securities		37,427,294		33,553,036		348,810
Loans and Bills Discounted		15,700,481		17,798,230		146,323
Foreign Exchange Assets		8,828		15,618		82
Other Assets		570,737		918,628		5,319
Premises and Equipment		171,167		206,080		1,595
Deferred Debenture Discounts		180		229		2
Customers' Liabilities for Acceptances and Guarantees		195,551		240,124		1,823
Reserve for Possible Loan Losses		(314,586)		(365,392)		(2,932)
Total Assets	¥	61,947,285	¥	61,656,184	\$	577,328
	*	01,041,200	Ŧ	01,000,104	Ψ	011,020
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity						
Liabilities						
Deposits	¥	40,885,654	¥	41,298,690	\$	381,041
Debentures	-	4,704,414	_	5,216,869		43,844
Call Money and Bills Sold		3,892,447		3,560,548		36,276
Payables under Repurchase Agreements		3,869,804		3,350,321		36,065
Collateral Received under Securities Loaned		2,135,835		2,109,476		19,905
Trading Liabilities		52,230		67,860		487
Borrowings		888,632		888,675		8,282
Foreign Exchange Liabilities		56		328		1
Other Liabilities		2,168,489		2,285,535		20,210
Reserve for Bonus Payments		3,985		3,696		37
Reserve for Retirement Benefits		8,182		8,637		76
Deferred Tax Liabilities		228,007		81,122		2,125
Deferred Tax Liabilities Relating to Land Revaluation		24,906		34,091		2,120
		195,551		240,124		1,822
Acceptances and Guarantees Total Liabilities				59,145,979		550,403
lotal Liabilities		59,058,199		59,145,979		550,405
Shareholders' Equity						
Paid-in Capital		1,224,999		1,224,999		11,417
Capital Surplus		25,020		25,020		233
Retained Earnings:				10,010		
Legal Reserve		237,366		000 000		2,212
				208,366		
Voluntary Reserves		388,120		323,101		3,617
Unappropriated Retained Earnings		195,968		177,436		1,826
Land Revaluation Reserve		55,050		75,350		513
Net Unrealized Gains on Securities, net of taxes		762,559		475,929		7,107
Total Shareholders' Equity		2,889,085		2,510,205		26,925
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	¥	61,947,285	¥	61,656,184	\$	577,328
		,,_00		-,,,+		

(b) Non-consolidated Statements of Operations

(b) Non-consolidated Statements of Operations						
		Million	a of Ve			lions of Dollars
		2005	15 01 16	2004		2005
Fiscal year ended March 31		2000				2000
Income						
Interest and Dividend Income:	v	115 100	v	100.900	ው	1 072
Interest on Loans and Bills Discounted	¥	115,108	¥	130,360	\$	1,073
Interest on and Dividends from Securities		774,647		648,473		7,219
Other Interest Income		44,028		42,860		410
Fees and Commissions		17,025		18,810		159
Trading Revenue		495		2,028		5
Other Operating Income		72,716		123,927		678
Other Income		139,858		150,355		1,303
Total Income		1,163,879		1,116,817		10,847
Expenses						
Interest Expenses:						
Interest on Deposits		96,200		68,095		896
Interest on Debentures		31,361		41,411		292
Interest on Borrowings		7,256		5,810		68
Other Interest Expenses		542,054		467,436		5,052
Fees and Commissions		8,703		8,113		81
Trading Losses		165		607		2
Other Operating Expenses		85,341		142,848		795
General and Administrative Expenses		106,370		111,389		991
Other Expenses		93,842		89,209		875
Total Expenses		971,297		934,923		9,052
Income before Income Taxes		192,581		181,894		1,795
Income Taxes:		102,001		101,001		2,.00
Current		44,099		44,458		411
Deferred		7,989		(4,450)		75
Net Income	¥	140,492	¥	141,886	\$	1,309
Ther Income	+	110,102	Ŧ	141,000	Ψ	1,000

		Yen				Dollars
		2005		2004		2005
Net Income per Share	¥	65.08	¥	65.77	\$	0.61

37. Appropriation of Retained Earnings

The following dividends were approved at the shareholders' meeting held on June 24, 2005.

	Milli	ons of Yen	Millions of U.S. Dollars		
Cash Dividends					
Special Dividends	¥	33,612	\$	313	
Dividends on Common Stock (at the rate of 3% of the \pm 100 face value, or					
¥ 3.00 per share)		6,000		56	
Dividends on Lower Dividend Rate Stock (at the rate of 1% of the Υ 100 face					
value, or $ inverse 1.00 $ per share)		10,000		93	
Dividends on Preferred Stock (at the rate of 10% of the \pm 100 face value, or					
¥ 10.00 per share)		328		3	

38. Subsequent Events

At the Supervisory Committee meeting on May 24, 2005, a resolution was passed for the Bank to issue additional shares of common stock on December 1, 2005, up to a maximum amount of \$225.7 billion (\$2.1 billion), in order to increase capital.

PriceWATerhouse(copers 🛽

Kasumigaseki Bldg. 32nd Floor 3-2-5, Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-6088, Japan

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors of

The Norinchukin Bank

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of The Norinchukin Bank and its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related consolidated statements of operations, capital surplus and retained earnings, and cash flows for the years then ended, all expressed in Japanese Yen. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Bank's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of The Norinchukin Bank and its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

As described in Note 2(4)⁽³⁾, The Norinchukin Bank and its subsidiaries adopted the accounting standard for impairment of fixed assets effective for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

As described in Note 38, at the Supervisory Committee meeting on May 24, 2005, a resolution was passed for The Norinchukin Bank to issue additional shares of common stock in order to increase capital.

The amounts expressed in U.S. dollars, which are provided solely for the convenience of the reader, have been translated on the basis set forth in Note 1 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Chudeograma Prianatuhous conpen

ChuoAoyama PricewaterhouseCoopers Tokyo, Japan June 24, 2005